

The Newport Mercury.

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NEWPORT, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1842.

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A. D. 1738

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

J. H. BARBER.

No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements, except where an account is open, must be paid for previous to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrears are paid.—Single papers to be had at the Office only, carriers not being allowed to dispose of them.

NEW GOODS.

AT THE

New Cheap Store,
No. 132.

Will be Opened This Day,

WHICH are of the latest importations and will be sold at the lowest prices. Among them will be found.

ORLEANS CLOTHS, ALPACA LUSTRE'S Mouseline de Laines, Alpines, Thibet Cloths, Prints, Shawls, Flannels, Gingham, Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, &c.

STOVES.

FOR burning WOOD or COAL, manufactured at the Newport Foundry, which for convenience or economy are not surpassed by any looking stove in the market, for sale by

WM. BROWNELL,

next South of the Post Office.
N. B.—The Public are invited to call and examine for themselves.
Newport, Sept. 12.

PEW FOR SALE.

PEW No 15, in the North Baptist Church, in the West Isle. For terms apply to JOSEPH K. CRANDALL in Portsmouth or B. MARSH Jun. Newport, Oct. 16.

Retailing Molasses.

A few hds. prime MUSCOVADA MOLASSES, yet remaining for sale, by
HENRY BULL.
Newport Nov. 13th.

HEALTH AND STRENGTH

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
Sherry Wine Bitters,

ARE the only sure remedy for Dyspepsia and Jaundice that has ever been discovered—and their general use for 32 years, with recommendations from the most eminent of the Medical Faculty, and editorial notices from the Boston Morning Post, Daily Mail, Plymouth Memorial, Barnstable Patriot, Essex Banner, Lowell Patriot, Banker Hill Aurora, Portsmouth Gazette, Dover Gazette, Northern Star, Lincoln Telegraph, N. Y. Evening Signal, &c. must assure the afflicted that they possess wonderful merit.

They give Life, elasticity and vigor, to the viscera, promote the peristaltic action, cleanse the stomach and bowels from unhealthy accumulations, and purify and enliven the blood in the most thorough and effectual manner. They are the most certain remedy for all those prevalent Diseases called Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Heartburn, Dizziness, Headache, Wandering or settled pains, Sinking faintness, Sour stomach, loss of appetite, Weakness of the limbs, Nervous debility, Costiveness, piles, and all diseases caused by an unhealthy state of the stomach & bowels. They are the unrivalled and efficacious compound of a regular physician, and graduate of the New-Hampshire Medical College, who has made the study of Medicine his profession.

Being composed entirely of vegetables, they are of such a nature that they may be taken, for any length of time by invalids of any age, without injuring the system or exposing it to take cold.

Orders from Agents, merchants, traders, Apothecaries and dealers in medicines, will be punctually attended to, and sent to any part of the country, safely packed in boxes. A liberal discount will be allowed on the sale. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover-street Boston, and in most Towns in the New-England States.

PRICE 75 CENTS per Bottle—50 Cents per paper.

For sale in Newport, by R. J. Taylor, John Easton, S. Sterne, G. Knowles Jun. and J. J. Allan—and by J. Headley, in Portsmouth.

Newport, May 1.

PIANO FORTES.

THE Subscriber, having taken the agency for the sale of Piano Fortes is ready to furnish those in want, at prices that cannot fail to suit. Those who are about purchasing are invited to call at the Variety and Confectionary Store of T. STACY Jr., and examine some just received from New York.

Jan. 22.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has now on hand a large supply of

Cheap dry Goods,

Which he now offers at very reduced prices, consisting of Cloths and Cassimeres, of the latest importations; Sattinets, Vestings, gambroond, mole-skin, &c.—Also, A large quantity of French, English and American Prints; Mouseline de laines, very cheap; linen table cloths; Irish linens, birdseye diapers, linens, silk and cotton gloves, Scotch gingham, Edinburgh shawls, and a large assortment of Hosiery.—Also, 3 or 4 pieces extra super MERINOS, for gentlemen's summer coats, for sale very low.

JAMES PHILLIPS,
June 5. No. 139, Thames.

REMOVAL.

J. GOODSPEED respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has removed his AUCTION & COMMISSION STORE, to No 87, opposite the Post Office where he will continue to carry on the above business. On hand, new and second hand stoves, suitable for vessels & family use; furniture, broadcloth, red flannel, paper hangings, marine shells, and all kinds of goods usually found in an Auction Room, and will attend auction sales in an part of the town on reasonable terms.—Grateful for past favors he respectfully solicits a share of future patronage.

Oct. 9.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Portsmouth Commissioners on the Estate of

THOMAS BROWNELL.

late of Portsmouth dec. represented insolvent, hereby give notice to the Creditors of said estate that they must present their claims to either of the Commissioners, within six months from the date hereof; and that we will meet and decide on the legality of their respective claims, at the Inn of Oliver D. Greene, on the 1st Saturday of April 1842 at 2 o'clock P. M.

JOHN CORY. ASA FREEBORN. JOHN BURRINGTON. Commrs.

Administrator on said Estate. Portsmouth, Oct. 19, 1841.

H. SESSIONS.

Has Just opened the following articles viz:

New style Ribbons and Scarfs, Rich Mouseline de Laines, Saxons, A A Merinos of elegant shades, Plain E de Laines, ditto, Roslin Plaids free from cotton, Printed Orleans Cloths & Cassimeres, Plain black M de Laine, extra quality, Figured Alpines, jet and blue black do. Black Thibet Cloth dark Gingham, Rich English & French Prints, Gloves, Handkerchiefs &c. Selected with care and for sale at low prices. Sept. 25.

STOVES & GRATES.

NOTICE.—The subscriber wishes to give notice that as the season is approaching for the use of Stoves and Grates, and many people have Stoves on hand which they wish to dispose of—I will take them at the Store No. 142 Thames street and sell them for a very moderate commission, either at Auction or at private sale, as may be agreed upon when brought.

Persons wishing to purchase Stoves or Grates, will do well to call at No 142 Thames street before they purchase.
CHARLES N. TILLEY.
Sept 25. 1841.

October 30, 1841.

NEW FALL GOODS,

WM. C. COZZENS, & Co.
HAVE BEEN receiving during the last 4 weeks, their usual large supply of FALL & WINTER GOODS, comprising a general assortment of the newest and most fashionable styles of MOUSLINE DE LAINES, SILKS, apoccos, Printed Chene Merinos, Plain English do, Dark French Prints, Shawls, Scarfs, &c. &c and they are offered for sale at the lowest prices that goods of equal quality can be bought for in any market.

TO LET.

THAT pleasantly situated HOUSE in Franklin-street, next west of Dr. T. C. Dunn's.—The House is in complete repair; has a large garden, a well of excellent water, with a pump in front of the house; and it is a very pleasant residence for a genteel family.—Also, Several small Tenements, and immediate possession given.—For terms, &c. apply to
ROBINSON POTTER
Newport May 1.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of creditors against the estate of

WILLIAM BARBER.

late of Newport, Printer, dec. will attend to that duty, at the office of H. Y. Cranston & Son, on the third Saturday in March, April and May next.

WILLIAM S. NICHOLS. RUSSELL COGGESHALL. CHARLES DEVENS JR.

All persons indebted to the above estate, will make payment to
HENRY Y. CRANSTON
Dec. 6, 1841. Administrator.

Beach Goats Hair Camlets, Colored Waved Beaver Cloths, Diamond do. do. Plain Pilot Cloths. Broadcloths in all their variety. Cassimeres plain and fancy. Stout Sattinets, Kerseys, Vermont Cloths, &c. &c. &c. all lately received, and offered for sale at the lowest market prices by
WM. C. COZZENS & Co.
Oct. 30, 1841.

THE SUBSCRIBER is in want of good Liquor barrels, and will continue to receive them through the season. Grocers and Shopkeepers having the same to dispose of can always receive the full market value, and depend upon having them regularly called for.

N. E. Rum will be kept on hand and for sale at the distillery as heretofore or at my counting room at the lumber yard.
HENRY BULL.
Nov. 13, 1841.

TO LET,

THAT pleasant and commodious Dwelling House, in Washington-street, owned and formerly occupied, by Hon. Wm. Hunter.—The Estate is in excellent repair and has been occupied for the last five years by Miss Goff as a Boarding-House.—It has a large yard, garden, and an unfailing well of water. It will be let for One or more years.—For terms, &c. apply to
BENJAMIN FINCH.
Newport, March 13.

For Sale or To Let.

A FARM in Belchertown State of Massachusetts containing 100 Acres of good Land with sufficient buildings in good repair, well proportioned for meadow, pasture and plough land. Said Farm has 3 good bearing orchards with 15 acres of thrifty wood and timber, and is well walled and watered.—The above place if not sold, will be let and 1 quarter of the rent will be received in improvements on the place. For further particulars enquire of
PARDON SISSON
Portsmouth R. I. Sept. 18, 1841

EXECUTORS NOTICE

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed Executor to the last will and testament of
WILLIAM MANLEY.

late of Little Compton dec. and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to make immediate Payment to
WILLIAM M. MANLEY, Executor
Little Compton Dec. 18.

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Directors of the Providence Mutual Fire Insurance Company, having ordered an assessment of one per cent on the amount of the premium notes in said office, to pay a loss of \$5000 occasioned by fire at the City Hotel on the 21st ult. this is to notify all persons concerned, that the subscriber agent for the Town of Newport will within 30 days from the date hereof, call on those who are insured to receive their share of said assessment.

EDWARD W. LAWTON.

Newport January 1. Section 19th of the charter provides That persons not paying their assessments in the time required, forfeit a sum equal to the amount assessed, and neglecting it 60 days, forfeit their Insurance.

80 BBL'S Superfine Flour, 20 bbl's Fine do. For sale by
S. F. GARDNER
January—3w

SPANISH CIGARS.

12,000, superior quality, just received and for sale by
T. STACY, Jr.
Jan. 29.

Encourage Home Manufacture

Camphene Oil.

THE PUBLIC having experienced the difficulty of obtaining Camphene, uniformly and of good quality from New York. The Subscriber has resumed the manufacture of the genuine article, purified by his peculiar process from all aqueous and resinous matter at his former establishment in Frank lane, and will be happy to supply his old customers and others as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere, and warranted of superior quality. As no less than one Gallon will be sold at the Laboratory, Grocers will be supplied with 5 or more gallons at a time in suitable cisterns at a rate that will afford them a reasonable commission. Those who feel inclined to encourage home manufacture will please give him a call.
DAVID MELVILL.
Nov. 27.

January 8, 1842.

NEW GOODS,

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

Among them are the following, viz:
Dark Twilled Tartan Gingham, Low priced Prints, Do do Furnitures, Silk Plaid Cravats, English Merinos, Plaid Flannel's Cotton do, Red Twilled ditto, Sattinets, Cassimeres, Cloths, Woollen Gloves, The above are offered for sale at the very lowest Prices at No 132, by
J. M. COOK & Co.

FOR SALE.

The very convenient House now occupied by the Subscriber. For terms &c apply at No 10 Mary street.
J. H. GILLIAT.
Sept 25.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed Administratrix with the Will annexed of the estate of

JEREMIAH GIFFORD,

late of Portsmouth, dec. and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons having any demands against the said estate to present the same for settlement, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to
HANNAH GIFFORD, Adm'x.
with the Will annexed.
Portsmouth, 10th 1st mo. 1842.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having been appointed Executors of the last will and Testament of

BENJAMIN PEARCE,

late of Portsmouth, Cabinet Maker, dec. and having qualified themselves by giving bonds as the law directs, they request all persons having any demands against the estate to present the same for settlement, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to
PREMACY PEARCE, Executor.
OLIVER G. PEARCE, Executor.

PERFUMERY.

A Great variety just received an for sale at the Variety Store of
J. STACY, Jr.
June 29.

NEW FRUIT.

Oranges, Lemons, Prunes, Raisins, Cocoanuts, Figs, &c. &c. Just received and for sale at the Confectionary and Variety Store of
J. STACY, Jr.
Jan 22.

Colored Prints, and Frames for the same, a great variety for sale at
STACY'S.
January 29.

BIRD SEED.—A fresh lot of every kind just received and for sale at the Confectionary and variety Store of
T. STACY Jr.
Also for sale, Bird Cages, Glasses, and Bird Books.
[Jan 22]

New Goods.

And the greatest variety ever offered.

A FRESH LOT OF

TANGY GOODS,
TOYS, &c., &c. &c.

Just received and for sale, at wholesale and retail at the VARIETY & CONFECTIONARY STORE of
T. STACY, Jr.
next south of Mr. James Hammond's Dry Goods Store, [Jan. 23.]

From the Lady's World of Fashion.

The Minister's Dinner.

BY LYDIA JANE FINE-SON.

The Reverend Mr. N—— was a man of excellent temper, generous feelings and well cultivated mind, but he was eccentric even to oddity. He was a powerful preacher, and his ministrations were blessed to the reformation of many in his parish. At the age of thirty-four he became enamored of a beautiful light-hearted girl of seventeen, daughter to one of his richest parishioners, and who imagined that to refuse the hand of the minister would be a sin bordering hard upon the unpardonable. Well, the marriage was consummated, the bride's portion paid, and the husband, as husbands in their first love are apt to do, gave in to the humor of his wife, and accompanied her to several festive parties given by his wealthy neighbors in honor of his marriage.

The happy couple were sitting together in their comfortable parlour, one evening towards spring, the reverend gentleman studying the Venerable Bede, and his wife equally intent upon a plate of the latest fashions, when she suddenly looked up with an expression between hope and fear, and thus addressed her companion "My dear husband, I have a request to make."

"Well, Nancy, any thing consistent." "You do not imagine that I would make an inconsistent request surely." "No—not a request that you considered inconsistent. But come, what is it?"

"Why, my dear sir," and her voice trembled a little, "we have been to several parties among the neighboring gentry, and now I think that to maintain our position in society we should make a party too." The minister looked blank.

"What sort of a party, Nancy?" he said at length.

"Why," she replied, "such a party as those we have attended. We must make an elegant dinner, and have dancing after it."

"Dancing! in a minister's house!" ejaculated Mr. N——.

"Why, yes, certainly," replied his wife, coaxingly. "You will not dance, the party will be mine; and then we have been to similar parties all winter."

"True, true," he muttered with a perplexed air, and sat silent for some time as if considering. At length he spoke.—"Yes, Nancy you may make a party, give a dinner, and if the guests desire it you may dance."

"Thank you love," she cried, putting her arms around his neck.

"But I have some stipulation to make about it," he said, "I must select and invite the guests, and you must allow me to place some of my favorite dishes upon the table."

"All as you please, love," she answered delightedly, "but when shall it be?"

"Next Wednesday if you please."

"But our furniture and window draperies are very old fashioned. Is it not time we had new?"

"I should think it hardly necessary to re-furnish our rooms, Nancy. All our furniture is excellent of its kind."

"But our smooth carpets, white draperies, and cane chairs have such a cold look, do consent to have the rooms new fitted, we can move these things to the unfurnished chambers."

"And of what use will they be in those rooms which we never occupy? Besides, it is near spring, and to fit up now for winter is superfluous."

"Well, I would not care," she persisted, "only people will call us parsimonious and ungentle."

"Oh, if that is all," he said gaily, "I will promise to expend a thousand dollars on the evening of the party, not in furniture but in a manner which will be far more grateful to our guests, and profitable to ourselves, and which shall exonerate us from all imputation of parsimony; and you may expend in dress, eatables and desert just what sum you please, and do not forget the wines."

allure the eyes of all who should look upon her, and full of sweet smiles and graces, notwithstanding the uncomfortable pinching of her shoes and corsets.— Her husband met her at the hall.

"Our guests have all arrived," he said, and opened the door of the reviewing room. Wonderful! wonderful! What a strange assembly. There was congregated the cripple, the maimed, and the blind; the palsied, the extreme aged and a group of children from the almshouse, who regarded the fine lady, some with wide open mouths, others with both hands in their hair, while some peeped from behind furniture, to the covert of which they had retreated from her dazzling presence. She was petrified with astonishment, then a dash of displeasure crossed her face, till having ran her eyes over the grotesque assembly, she met the comically grave expression of her husband's countenance, when she burst into a violent fit of laughter, during the paroxysms of which the bursting of her corset laces could be distinctly heard by the company.

"Nancy!" at length said her husband, sternly. She suppressed her mirth, stammered an excuse, and added.

"You will forgive me, and believe your self quite welcome."

"That is well done," whispered Mr. N——, "then, my friends," he said. "as my wife is not acquainted with you I will make a few presentations." Then leading her towards an emaciated creature, whose distorted limbs were unable to support his body, he said, "This gentleman, Nancy, is the Reverend Mr. Niles, who in his youth travelled and endured much in the cause of our common Master. A violent rheumatism, induced by colds, contracted among the new settlements of the west, where he was employed in preaching the gospel to the poor, has reduced him to his present condition. This lady, his wife, has piously sustained him and by her own labor procured a maintenance for herself and him. But she is old and feeble now as you see."

Then turning to a group with silver locks and thread bare coats, continued, "These are soldiers of the revolution.—They were all sons of rich men. They went out in their young strength to defend their oppressed country. They endured hardships, toils, and sufferings, such as we hardly deem it possible for men to endure and live; they returned home at the close of the war, maimed in their limbs and with broken constitutions, to find their patrimonies destroyed by fire, or the chances of war, or their property otherwise filched and wrenched from them. And these worthy men live in poverty and neglect in the land for possession of which they sacrificed their all. These venerable ladies are wives of these patriots, and widows of others who have gone to their rewards. They could tell you tales that would thrill your heart, and make it better. This is the celebrated and learned Dr. B—— who saved hundreds of lives during the spotted epidemic. But his great success aroused the animosity of his medical brethren, who succeeded in ruining his practice, and, when blindness came upon him, he was forgotten by those whom he had delivered from death. This lovely creature is his only child, and she is motherless. She leads him daily by the hand, and earns the food she sets before him.—Yet her learning and accomplishments are wonderful, and she is the author of those exquisite poems which appear occasionally in the—Magazine.—These children were orphaned in infancy by the Asiatic cholera, and their sad hearts have seldom been cheered by a smile, or their palates regaled by delicious food. Now dry your eyes, love, and lead on to the dining room."

She obeyed, and notwithstanding her emotions, the thumping of coarse shoes, and rattling of sticks, crutches and wooden legs behind her, well nigh threw her into another indecorous laugh.

To divert her attention she glanced over the table. There stood the dishes for which her husband had stipulated in the shape of two monstrous homely-looking meat pies, and two enormous platters of baked meats and vegetables, looking like mighty mountains among the delicate viands that she had prepared for the refined company which she expected. She took her place, and prepared to do the table honors, but her husband, after a short thanksgiving to the Bountiful God, addressed the company with, "Now, my brethren help yourselves and one another, to whatever you deem preferable. I will wait upon the children."

A hearty and jovial meal was made, the minister setting the example, and as the hearts of the old soldiers were warmed with wine, they became garrulous and each recounted some wonderful or thrilling adventure of the revolutionary war; and the old ladies told their tales of privation and suffering, and interwove with them the histories of fathers, brothers, or lovers, who died for liberty.

Mrs. N——, was sobbing convul-

and touching her shoulder whispered:

"My love, shall we have dancing?" That word with its ludicrous associations, fairly threw her into hysterics, and she laughed and wept at once.

When she became quiescent Mr. N.—thus addressed the company.

"I fear my friends that you will think my wife a frivolous, inconsistent creature, and I must, therefore, apologize for her. We were married only last fall, and have attended several gay parties which our rich neighbors gave in honor of our nuptials, and my wife thought it would be genteel to give a dinner in return. I consented on conditions, one of which was that I should invite the guests. So being a professed minister of Him who was meek and lowly in heart, I followed to the letter his command.—

"But when thou makest a feast call the poor, the maimed, the lame, the blind, &c.," you all recollect the passage. Mrs. N.—, not knowing who her guests were to be, is highly delighted with the *ruse* I have played, and I do not believe there has been so noble and honorable a company assembled this winter. My wife desired new furniture, lest we should be deemed parsimonious, and I pledged myself to expend one thousand dollars in a manner more pleasing to our guests, and which would obviate any such imputations."

Then addressing the children, he said:

"You will each be removed to-morrow to excellent places, and if you continue to be industrious, and perfectly honest in word and deed, you will become respectable members of society. To you, Dr. B.—, under God I owe my life. I did not know your locality, neither had I heard of your misfortunes until a few days since: I can never repay the debt I owe you, but if you and your daughter will accept the neat furnished house adjoining mine, I will see that you never want again. To you, patriot fathers, and these nursing mothers of our country, I present the one thousand dollars. It is just one hundred dollars to each soldier and soldier's widow. It is a mere trifle. No thanks my friends. You, Mr. Niles, are my father in the Lord. Under your preaching I first became convinced of sin, and it was your voice that brought me the words of salvation. You will remain in my house. I have a room prepared for you, and a pious servant to attend you. It is time you were at peace, and your excellent lady relieved of her heavy burden." The crippled preacher fell prostrate on the carpet, and poured out such thanksgiving and prayer, as found way to the heart of Mrs. N.—, who ultimately became a meek and pious woman, a fit helpmate for a devoted gospel minister.

Twenty-Seventh Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

IN SENATE, Wednesday, Feb. 16.—Mr Benton submitted resolutions to instruct the Committee on the Judiciary to report a bill to amend the Bankrupt Law, so as to confine its operations to traders, to include corporations, and to prevent its interference with the insolvent laws of States. The resolutions were ordered to be printed.

Mr Benton's resolution of inquiry was adopted, as to the nature of payments now made by the government, and whether it was or was not at the option of the creditors, &c.

A resolution was adopted, calling on the President for information relative to the recent outrages committed under the Mexican government, on American citizens.

In the House, a motion was laid on the table, to reconsider the vote on the passage of the bill relative to the banks in the District of Columbia.

The remainder of the session was occupied in committee of the Whole, with the civil and diplomatic Appropriation Bill. The bill was not disposed of.

IN SENATE, Thursday, Feb. 17.—Mr Simmons submitted a resolution to postpone the operation of the Bankrupt Law for one year. But as the Senate had already decided against postponement, the chair ruled the resolution out of order. The decision was sustained. Most of the business of the day was the passage of some engrossed bills, and the discussion of others of a private or local character.

Among other bills engrossed for a third reading, was one allowing the claims of the State of Maine for military services.

In the House, after the subject of retrenchment of expenditures had been talked about awhile, Mr Cushing, from the committee, reported a new Exchequer Bill; which was read; and the following abstract of which, will be found to contain, in substance, all its most important provisions.

SECTION 1. Establishes a board at the seat of government, to consist of the Secretary of the Treasury, the U. S. Treasurer, and one commissioner appointed by the President for four years, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Secretary of the Treasury to be President of the board.

Sec. 2. Provides that not more than ten agencies may be established—one to be at Boston, one to be at New-York, one at Philadelphia, one to be Charleston, S. C. and one at New Orleans—the others at such places as expediency may dictate, if established at all, and there be locations to be changed once in twelve months, is necessary.

Sec. 3. Provides for the appointment of clerks, superintendent, &c.

Sec. 4. Makes the Exchequer and its officers, the regular receiving and disbursing agent of the government, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury. They are to perform the duties of Commissioners of Loans, and pension Agents; and in fact to conduct all the financial transactions of the government, as agents under the Treasury Department.

Sec. 5. Authorizes the board and its agencies, to receive on deposit, specie, or bullion, and to issue certificate for the same. But the gross amount is not to exceed 10,000,000, unless otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 6. Provides that public creditors shall be paid in certificates of deposit, should they prefer it; provided however that the amount of such certificates shall not exceed \$10,000,000 in all, at any one time; and no agency to issue certificates beyond the amount of gold and silver actually on hand.

Sec. 7. Authorizes the officers of the mint and its branches, to issue certificates of deposit, in lieu of the receipts heretofore given.

Sec. 8. Makes all certificates redeemable in specie on presentation, and receivable in payment of public dues.—No premium to be paid for certificates, which are to be issued, at the option of the receiver, in denominations not less \$5, nor more than \$100; and the amount outstanding, to be published at the end of each quarter.

Sec. 9. Authorizes agencies to draw bills or drafts on each other, and the board also to draw on them; and to sell their bills and drafts, only for cash, and at no higher premium than may be deemed necessary to pay for the transportation of specie, and in no case to exceed 2 per cent.

Sec. 10. Provides that foreign or domestic bills of exchange may be purchased, but only for government uses, to transmit government funds, or to pay government debts. And prohibits the officers from having any personal interest in any of the financial transactions.

Sec. 11. Prohibits the payment of any demand against the government, by the board or its agencies, except in gold or silver coin, unless in certificates of deposit with the consent of the creditor. It also prohibits the payment of dues to the government, except in specie or certificates of deposit, or treasury notes. All bank balances are to be settled weekly or oftener; and no individual is to be allowed to become a debtor in account.

Sec. 12. Provides that, the agencies shall receive no deposits, except those of the United States, in violation of any law that may be enacted by States in which they may be established.

The remaining sections of the bill merely provide for the mode of transacting the business of the department, prescribe rules and regulations for the conduct of its officers, and affix penalties for violations of trust. In all these, as far as we are able to judge from a hasty perusal without an actual comparison, we can discern but little difference, substantially, between this bill, and the sub treasury law.

After the bill had been read through, it was ordered to be printed.

Mr Garrett Davis then presented a minority report from the same committee, which was also ordered to be printed; and Mr Kennedy gave notice that he should present a third, different from either of the others. So the House will have three different reports before it, on the one subject.

Mr Barnard then gave notice, that he should submit as a substitute, a bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to issue Treasury Notes to the amount of \$15,000,000, on a specie basis of three of paper for one of specie, in denominations suitable for a currency.

The House then adjourned.

IN SENATE, Friday February 18.—The Senate was engaged for some time in a debate on the tariff question, called up by the presentation of a petition for a protective tariff. Mr Clay took ground in favor of a tariff, and Messrs Calhoun and Preston against it.

The Senate, after having acted on some private bills, adjourned over to Monday.

In the House, a bill was presented by Mr J. C. Clark, providing for the appointment of Admirals and Rear Admirals in the Navy. Referred and ordered to be printed.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the civil and diplomatic bill; and, pending a motion to strike out the item of \$50,000, for stationary, the Committee rose, and the House adjourned.

In the House, Saturday, Feb. 19.—The only public business before the House was the subject of retrenchment.

IN SENATE, Monday, February 21.—Some tariff or other memorials were offered by various members, and were duly referred. Some abolition petitions received the usual by-by. A petition asking Congress to have a steam frigate built after Robert L. Steven's model, (accompanying the memorial) was presented by Mr Wright, and referred; and Mr Huntington of Connecticut, presented a petition, praying for reduction of postage rates, which was also disposed of.

THE CREOLE.

A report from the Secretary of State, in reply to the Senate, covering all the negotiations as to this affair, between our Government and Great Britain, came in and was read. It took strong grounds, and gave great satisfaction to those Sen-

ators (Messrs Walker and Calhoun, for instance) who particularly represented the aggrieved parties. On the motion to print a thousand extra copies of the documents, Mr Clay made some objection, and the Senate decided on the printing.

THE CURRENCY.

Mr Tallmadge made a masterly report, with a bill, similar to that reported in the House, from the Select Committee on the Currency.

The bill was disposed of in the usual way, and is to be discussed in form this day forthright. 3000 extra copies were ordered.

The Senate, in Executive Session, rejected the nomination of Mr Bradford, as District Judge for Pennsylvania. The vote was 17 to 22.

RESOLUTIONS.

In the House.—This day, under the rule, was devoted to resolutions.

By Mr Eastman, N. H.—Ordering an inquiry as to the expediency of fixing on the last day of March as the day of adjournment.

By the same.—As to the expediency of fixing on the same day for Congressional elections in all the States.

By Mr Randall—Ordering the Committee on Commerce to inquire and to report on the expediency of excluding from our ports all vessels coming from ports closed to our vessels.

By Mr Baker, of Mass.—Authorizing an inquiry into the expediency of reducing the number of Revenue Collectors and subordinate Custom House officers, and of making Naval officers do the duties of revenue officers.

By Mr Tillinghast of M. I.—Instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to report amendments to the Bankrupt act.

By Mr Fillmore—As to the expediency of making a change in the commencement of the fiscal year, for the convenience of the Treasury, in making the usual reports, &c.

By Mr Stanley of N. C.—To amend the rules so as to render it possible for a majority, and not two thirds, to so far suspend the regular order of business as to introduce a resolution taking a bill out of Committee of the Whole, on any day, and order the vote to be taken thereon. He moved the previous question.

Mr Wise objected. He claimed, that, as no resolution could be acted upon to-day, which any member wished to debate, this must lie over.

The Chair decided otherwise, as the member from N. C. had moved the previous question, and there could be no debate thereon.

Mr Wise took an appeal from this decision.

The Speaker's decision was confirmed by the House, by ninety yeas and eighty-seven nays, three majority.

The main question on the resolution was then ordered to be put to the House, ninety-five to ninety-two, three majority.

The House then adjourned.

The SENATE, on Tuesday, Feb. 22, met, but only to adjourn immediately.

In the House, the journal of yesterday was read, when

Mr Kennedy got leave to present a petition from citizens of Maryland praying aid from the Government, in furnishing camp equipment for the Grand Encampment to be held in Baltimore in May next. Referred to the Committee on the Militia.

Mr Saltonstall said that, as this was the birth day of the great and glorious Washington, he should do that which he had never done before, move that the House adjourn, in order to enable the members to celebrate the day, and

The House accordingly adjourned.

LATER FROM THE PACIFIC.—Accounts have been received at New York from the Sandwich Islands via Mazatlan, to Nov. 4th. They contain the particulars of the loss of the Peacock: She was lost about mid day, of the 11th of July, on the north bar of the Columbia river, in smooth water. Soon after the breakers began to form, and for half a mile around them the river was one sheet of foam. The ship thumped heavily, and they momentarily expected the spars would go by the board, crush their boats, and thus cut off all chance of escape. By day light the next morning, they were able to get out the boats, but lost two in the attempt. The water had then risen to her berth deck. The passage to the shore was perilous in the extreme, but through the coolness and skill of the officers it was effected without the loss of life. Purser Speiden saved his books and papers, and the Naturalists their journals. A few hours afterward, no trace of the ill fated ship was to be seen. Capt. Wilkes, in the Porpoise, with the Flying Fish, were employed in surveying the Columbia. The Vincennes was employed at St. Francisco, and a party had been exploring the Rio Sacramento. The brig Thomas Perkins, was employed by Capt. Wilkes, and it was supposed that she would touch at the Sandwich Islands, to land the supernumeraries.

RICHES TAKE TO THEMSELVES WINGS AND FLY AWAY.—The Bangor Whig of Thursday says:—Mr Sidney Thaxter in the gale this morning had his coat skirt blown up and causing his pocket book to fall out. It contained about \$175 in bills, which were instantly scattered by the wind. Thus far only \$37 has been recovered.

The Columbus (Ohio) Journal speaks of the continual warm weather in that region. In the preceding week three barns were burnt by lightning in various parts of the State.

From the Providence Journal.

The Constitution.

The Constitutional Convention adjourned on Saturday evening, having completed the Constitution, and engrossed it in a form ready to be printed and sent forth to the people. The following are some of the principal provisions:—

The right of voting for all general officers, Senators and Representatives, is extended to all white male citizens of the United States, who have resided in the State two years and in the town where they offer to vote six months; and upon one year's residence to those possessing the present freehold qualification. No person can vote on any question of taxation unless he be taxed for at least \$150, or unless he possesses the freehold qualification. Foreigners may vote who have resided here three years after naturalization and possess the freehold qualification. The usual exceptions are made of paupers, lunatics, &c. and persons in the service of the United States, residing at military stations and on land of the U. States. The General Assembly shall provide for a registration of voters, and may admit to the right of Suffrage, upon such conditions as they may deem proper, natives of the United States, who have resided here two years, not qualified by the Constitution.

The General Assembly will hold its sessions at the same time and places as at present. They cannot incur State debts without the consent of the people to an amount exceeding \$50,000. Whenever they impose a direct tax, one sixth shall be assessed on the polls of the qualified electors.

The House will consist of 77 members.—Providence, has 8; Newport, Smithfield and Warwick, each 4; North Providence, Cumberland and Scituate, 3 each, and all the rest 2. They are to be elected on the third Wednesday in April, to hold their seats for one year.

The Senate will consist of 19 members, elected in 16 Senatorial districts as follows:

| Districts. | Senators |
|--|----------|
| 1st Newport to elect | 2 |
| 2d Portsmouth, Middletown, Tiverton, Little Compton, New Shoreham and Jamestown. | 2 |
| 3d Providence | 2 |
| 4th Smithfield | 1 |
| 5th N. Providence and Cumberland | 1 |
| 6th Scituate, Cranston and Johnston | 1 |
| 7th Gloucester, Foster and Burrillville | 1 |
| 8th South Kingstown | 1 |
| 9th Westerly and Charlestown | 1 |
| 10th Hopkinton and Richmond | 1 |
| 11th North Kingstown and Exeter | 1 |
| 12th Bristol | 1 |
| 13th Warren and Barrington | 1 |
| 14th East and West Greenwich | 1 |
| 15th Coventry | 1 |
| 16th Warwick | 1 |

They are to be elected on the 3d Wednesday in April, to hold their seats for one year.

The Lt. Governor, shall ex officio be a member of the Senate, and the Governor its presiding officer. In certain cases, the Senate chooses its presiding officer.

The Governor has the additional power of granting reprieves till the end of the succeeding session of the General Assembly, and to fill vacancies in office, until they are filled by election.

The General Election is held on the third Wednesday in April, when all the general officers are elected. Voting may be open or secret, as the General Assembly shall provide. Provision is made for new elections, if the first should fail and in the second election of Senators, a plurality elects.

All qualified electors are eligible to office. Persons holding offices under the United States or any other government, cannot be members of the General Assembly until they may have resigned their offices.

The Supreme Court exists as at present established. They are to hold their seats till a joint resolution of both Houses, voted for by a majority of all the members elected to each, declares their places vacant. Such a resolution can be entertained only at the session in May. Justices of the Peace are to be elected by the People.

Provision is made for the support of Public Schools, and the money appropriated for that purpose, is not to be diverted to any other use, but is to remain a permanent fund.

Amendments are to be proposed by the legislature, and sent out to the people. If a majority of the next legislature approve of any amendment, it is to be sent out to the people at the next annual election, and it then voted for by three fifths of the voters at that election, it becomes a part of the Constitution.

The Constitution is to go into effect on the first Tuesday in May, 1842. The annual election under it, is to be held on the third Wednesday in April.

Provision is made for existence of the present Government, the validity of all contracts and obligations, and the continuance of the Courts in all judicial proceedings.

The Declaration of Rights and Principles is very full, and embraces all the sound maxims which lie at the foundation of a republican government, and which secure the freedom of the people.

CRIME AND SUICIDE.—The Philadelphia Gazette gives an account of the death by suicide of John G. Boyd, late cashier of the Towamenc Bank in Bradford co.

It appears that he had been recently living, under the name of Seymour with a woman as his wife in Philadelphia who had no knowledge of his having another wife. On Wednesday last week he was arrested by the officers on a charge of having defrauded the Bank of Penn. township of \$31,000. He remained continually in their custody, went with them to transact business at several places, and went to his house, where he packed his clothes and portmanteau to take with him to prison. As he came down he said he wanted to get one article more; the officer went up with him and stood at the door while Boyd entered.—In an instant a female in the room exclaimed, "My God, he has shot himself!" and so it proved. He had fired the pistol into his mouth;—the report having been no louder than a percussion cap. Boyd lived for some hours, and although perfectly sensible, said nothing of his circumstances or condition. To an inquiry how he had held the pistol, he replied, "I don't know—don't trouble me." The deceased was 35 years of age, and has a wife and two children, living in Covington county, Pennsylvania.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

NEWPORT.
SATURDAY, Feb. 26, 1842.

Proceedings of Congress.

It will be seen by our Congressional Journal that our dates are to Tuesday last, both Houses adjourned on that day in consequence of its being the anniversary of the birth of Washington.

Constitutional Convention.

This Convention adjourned on Saturday evening last, having completed their labors. The Constitution they have formed is to be submitted to the people on the 21st 22d and 23d of March for their adoption. We have copied from the Providence Journal an abstract of the principal provisions contained in this instrument, and in our next shall publish it at length.

The Constitution it will be seen is the effect of compromise, and grants all that the friends of Suffrage can reasonably ask, and the apportionment of Representation is highly favourable to this part of the State. We feel assured from the favourable manner in which it has been received by many who are friends to an extension of suffrage, that it will receive the cordial acquiescence of the great body of the people.

The Anniversary of the birth of Washington, was celebrated in this town, by the Suffrage Association, by the ringing of bells, firing of guns, &c., and by a public dinner at the Masonic Hall.

The steamer Charter Oak which left New York on Wednesday afternoon for Norwich, was blown ashore in the night, during the gale, on the west end of Fisher's Island. The passengers, about fifty in number including several ladies, and the crew, all got safe ashore about nine miles from Stonington. The boat was a remarkably well built and staunch vessel, to which is attributed the escape of those on board.

The Charter Oak was got off on Tuesday morning by the assistance of the Revenue Cutter Vigilant, and other vessels, and towed into New London by the steamer Splendid.

The statue of Washington by Greenough has been removed from the rotunda of the Capitol to a position a little in front of the western entrance. The pedestal upon which it stood is to be lowered some four or five feet. The statue is said by a letter in the N. Y. Courier, is now in a much better light and the elevation is not too great for the features of the exquisitely chiseled countenance to be minutely examined by the spectator.

Resignation of Mr. Clay.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune states that Mr. Clay's resignation as U. S. Senator was transmitted to Kentucky by Friday's mail, to take effect on the 31st of March next. Mr. Crittenden will probably be his successor.

THE PATENT OFFICE.—The annual Report of Henry L. Ellsworth, Commissioner of Patents, has been laid before the House of Representatives. It exhibits the results of its operations for the past year, of which the following is a summary:

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Number of Patents issued, | 495 |
| " " expired, | 327 |
| Applications for Patents, | 317 |
| Excess over last, | 82 |
| No. of P's issued prev. to Jan. 1842, | 12,477 |
| Receipts for 1841 | \$31,320 |
| Ordinary expenses | \$21,065 |
| For the restoration of models, etc | 20,507 |

The report suggests the necessity of a remedy against the frauds practised by selling patents where none have been obtained. The propriety of patenting designs for articles of manufacture, the expediency of giving authority to Consuls to administer the oath for applicants for patents, of increasing the salaries of clerks in the office, of establishing a night and day watch, and of appropriating the whole building to the legitimate purposes of the establishment.—New York Tribune.

The friends of Temperance says the Boston Transcript, are now divided into two great parties—those in favor of Temperance, and those who hold that nothing short of Teetotal Temperance can thoroughly reform the world.—The great Leviathan of Literature used to say that he could practice abstinence but not temperance. Were he now living, the vast powers of his mighty intellect would probably be exerted in favor of Teetotalism.

OIL CONTRACT.—We learn that the Light Houses in Massachusetts, was closed yesterday by Mr. Lincoln at the Custom House in Boston. The lowest proposals were tendered by Henry Lincoln & Co. Boston, at an average of something less than 80 cents per gallon, for 9,072 galls. of best quality sperm spring oil, and 4,536 galls. best quality winter pressed oil, from head matter,—to be delivered in Boston, in casks, in prime order, on or before the 15th of March, next.—New Bedford Mercury.

WHALE.—The last arrivals from the Sandwich islands state that the whale ships, both on the coast of Japan and at the North, had done well the last season, having met with abundance of whales.—This news has caused a slight decline in oil.

INDIANS.—The New Orleans Picayune of Feb. 12th, says that the ship Rosaline arrived yesterday from Tampa Bay, and anchored opposite the United States barracks. She had on board three hundred Indians on their way to the far West, and a company of U. S. troops.

MORE INDIANS.—The house of Mr. Langford, near Livingston's Ferry, Madison county, Florida, was attacked about a week since, by a party of ten or twenty Indians. Several of the balls entered the house, wounding two of the young men, though not mortally. The family retreated, and having obtained a reinforcement, returned in time to preserve the house from fire and the articles which the Indians had packed up to carry off.

LOSS OF THE BARQUE WILLIAM FALES.—The William Fales, Capt. Thomas, from Bristol, R. I., of and for Portland, was wrecked on Cape Cod during the late gale on Wednesday night, the 16th inst. The following are the details of this disaster:—

"Capt. Thomas, his two officers, a Vineyard pilot and four seamen perished. Four other seamen and a boy saved themselves with great difficulty. The survivors state that Capt. Thomas saw a light on the beach, which he mistook for some light house in the vicinity, and the weather being thick, found himself among the breakers before he was aware of his error. He first let go his small anchor, which took no hold whatever; the second anchor held but for a short time, when the chain parted. When the vessel struck, the rocks almost immediately stove a hole in her bottom. Capt. T. urged his men to jump ashore upon the rocks, but they hesitated; when he immediately made a rope fast to his arm, jumped, and had got foot hold upon a rock, but the sea rose immediately behind, washed him off, and in its retreat carried him under the vessel, probably upon the keel, as all their force exerted under the rope availed nothing, and he was seen no more. The W. F. was a fine new bark, built at Saco, and on her first voyage. She cost probably upwards of \$15,000. One third of her belonged to Capt. Thomas, who is well known as a Portland ship master, and we understand, was about to relinquish going to sea. She had discharged most of her cargo, molasses, at Bristol, and had on board only about 100 bags of coffee.—One body only, that of a seaman, had been found at the last accounts."

The Boston Post states, that on Friday evening the Manager announced that during the 25 weeks the Tremont Theatre had been open the present season, the expenses had been about ten thousand dollars more than the receipts!—and that, despairing of better times, they had given up the lease, and should now close the Theatre.

A FATAL AFFRAY, says the Belmont Clipper, occurred recently at Lewistown, Ark., between Dr. Menifee and a Mr. Phillips, in which both were killed. Some difference arose about a note in possession of one of them. They accidentally met, drew pistols, and fired. Menifee was shot in the groin, and Phillips in the shoulder. They then drew Bowie knives and closed on each other. At first cut, Menifee was nearly severed in two, and Phillips's shoulder blade laid entirely open. Both expired on the spot.

Frederick Gebbard, an old and respectable German resident in New York, who died a few days since, in making bequests of his large property, among others, has left to Columbia College \$15,000 for the purpose of establishing a professorship of the German language in that institution.

James Rice, a young man of about 22 years of age, who was tried at the January Court in Bedford, Pennsylvania, and found guilty of murdering his travelling companion found dead some months since on the road between McConnellburg and Bedford, has been convicted and sentenced.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM FRANCE.

The packet ship Burgundy, arrived at New-York on Sunday, from Havre, whence she sailed on the 9th ult, and brings accounts to that day. We copy from the Tribune, Herald, and Sun, the following items of intelligence:

ENGLAND.—Thomas Carlyle has declined becoming a candidate for the chair of history, now vacant in the University of Edinburgh. A great meeting is to be held at Bath, on the 6th January, of the clothiers of Wilts, Somerset, and Gloucester, to take the Corn Laws into consideration.

The Conway, from China, entered the Sound, on the 26th of December. Her destination was Portsmouth. She had on board two millions of dollars, and some invalids from the squadron in the China seas.

FRANCE.—On the third of January, the members of the Chambers of Deputies assembled for the purpose of electing the Committee to draw up the Address in answer to the speech from the Throne. On this occasion there was a discussion on the foreign and domestic policy of the government. The ministry were attacked for the convention of July, for its policy as regards Spain, for the reduction of the navy, and several members, in passing in review the acts of the government, bestowed on them unqualified censure. M. L. Herbet spoke with great animation against the attacks upon the press, and blamed, with much severity, the recognition of the right of maritime search, demanded by the British Government.

The Augsburg Gazette of Jan. 1 says, that M. de Pahlen, the Russian Minister to Mehemet Ali, arrived at Alexandria on the 10th December, and that he had submitted to the Divan certain propositions concerning Commerce and the Treaty of July. It is understood that Russia is displeased with the liberty granted to English commerce and wishes to abridge, which the Divans are unwilling to do.

Details have been received from Odessa of the autumn campaign of the Russian against the Circassians and of their defeat at Jatcha, where some 500 were slain. It is believed that the Russians have lost some 8,000 men, mostly by disease. The Crimean hospitals are filled with the sick. This is the division under General Auepp, and it is said that Gen. Zast has not been so fortunate.

M. Dumas has been elected Vice President of the Academy of Science; he obtained 32 out of 42 votes.

An attempt at revolt was made in the prison at Lyons on the 1st, but it was soon quelled.

La Presse of the 6th has a letter from Vienna, which says that the three great powers, England, Russia and France, which have stipulated the independence of Greece, are seriously giving their attention to the differences between that country and the Sublime Porte, and that they have applied to the Cabinets at Berlin and Vienna for their co-operation. Baron Rothschild has been seized with sudden and dangerous illness. The operations on the Bourse were seriously affected by this.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser. Later from England.

The packet ship North America, Capt. Lowbor, arrived on Thursday morning from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 8th of January. We have London papers of the 7th, and Liverpool of the 6th.

One of the passengers who arrived at Liverpool by the Kalanazoo from N. O. in the early part of January, died very suddenly two or three days after landing. The verdict of the coroner's jury was death by disease of the lungs, accelerated by excessive drinking. His passage was taken in the name of Thomas Wilson, but from papers found on his person, it appeared that his real name was Abraham Paul.

Intelligence of the taking of Amoy had reached London—on the 5th of January—and was published exclusively in the Times of that day. With it came information of the loss of the Madagascarian steam ship; a very brief statement, contained in a letter to Jardine Mathew, & Co., or the senior naval officer at Hong Kong. Capt. Dicey of the M. Capt. Gratton of the Royal Irish, ten other gentlemen and 30 Lascars had landed from the wreck and were believed to be prisoners in the hands of the Chinese.

The letters from Amoy say that the British got very little plunder—not more than 4000 or 5000 dollars. The ships were to sail for Chusan on the 5th of September, and winter there, the season being too far advanced for farther operations.

The Queen has granted a portion of the Canton ransom to the troops employed in the attack on that city; the shares of colonels will be £2000 each, of lieutenants 144. Officers of the navy sharing, according to their relative rank with those of the army.

The King of Burmah, Tharawaddie, had arrived at Rangoon, attended by a large body of troops and a multitude of his subjects. Suspicion had existed as to the motive of his visit, and the Governor General of India had taken care to assemble a considerable force at Rangoon with several steam frigates; but so far nothing of a hostile nature had transpired, and the better opinion seemed to be that Tharawaddie's object was only to amuse himself with a change of scene. The British Government had interposed

to adjust the quarrel of etiquette between France and Spain. The Times seems to be of opinion that the Regent Espartero had not the right side in this quarrel. The elections in the Spanish Chamber of Deputies had resulted in a complete triumph for the Ministry.

Lord Melbourne had been paying a visit to the Queen at Windsor—for the first time since his retirement from the premiership. Lord Ashburton was to embark for New York, on board a steam frigate, on or about the 24th of January. His stay in the United States was expected to be very brief.

Mr. Everett, the American minister, left London on the 5th of January, on a visit to Lord Ashburton.

The various committees in the French Chamber of Deputies were pushing their investigations preparatory to the drawing up of the address in answer to the King's speech. In the formation of the committee, the Ministerial candidates, almost without exception, had been elected.

There appears to have been a diplomatic quarrel between the governments of Russia and France; manifesting itself in certain points of etiquette, but not the less adverse to a condition of perfect amity.

LAFAYETTE BANK.—An injunction

was served upon the Lafayette Bank this morning at the suggestion of the Bank Commissioners. It is one of the younger up town Banks, though removed to Wall street two or three years ago, it was understood, with impaired resources.

Its stock has been low for some time, and its condition doubtful. Its business must be within a small compass. Mr. Barr Wakeman, who has for several years been President of the institution, resigned a few days ago, and Mr. Jacob Robinson was elected in his place.

N. Y. Jour. of Com. of the 19th

A New Discovery.—A letter in the London Athenaeum describes a new and extraordinary discovery just made in Prussia, by which printed works of any kind can be copied with perfect accuracy, and copies multiplied with no further expense than the cost of paper and press work. The plan is kept profound secret by the inventor; but he has demonstrated its efficacy by copying two pages of the London Athenaeum, which so closely resemble the original as to be scarcely distinguishable from them. By the process it would appear that old manuscripts can be accurately transferred, illuminated copies of ancient books imitated, books of all kinds reprinted in numbers, and with a facility and correctness that almost exceeds belief.

THE ELOPEMENT.—We are happy to

learn, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, from authentic sources, that Captain Schinley, who was recently clandestinely married, with the co-operation of a mistress of a fashionable boarding school at New Brighton (Staten Island) to Miss Croghan, the niece of Colonel Croghan and General Jesup of the Army, will be defeated in his principal object. We are informed, adds the New York Commercial, that for ten years to come, the present Mrs. Schinley can have no control over the large estates devised to her by her grandfather, the late Gen. O'Hara, of Pittsburgh, but is entitled by his will to an allowance of only one thousand dollars per annum, and farther, that the consent of her father to her marriage is necessary before the property vests in the young lady at all.

COLONIZATION.—A gentleman in the State of Tennessee offers sixty slaves to the Colonization Society, on condition that they are sent to Liberia. It is stated that they are ready and willing to go.

More than two thousand signatures to the Temperance Pledge have been obtained within a few days in several towns of Michigan.

The forest of Pierretou, near Toulon, France, having become infested by wolves the authorities ordered a general chase, during which, on the 19th inst. one of the hunters fell in unexpectedly with a wild boar, and was torn by the tusks of the animal in four places. An artery was severed, and the poor fellow died from loss of blood, before he could be carried out of the forest.

WESTERN RAIL ROAD.—We understand that the Directors of the Western Rail Road Corporation have concluded an arrangement for the conveyance of the mails, to begin this day, [Feb. 21] on the terms proposed in the letter of the Post Master General, lately published.

Boston Advertiser.

Snow.—In the interior of Pennsylvania there was a furious snow storm on Wednesday last. Between Lancaster and Harrisburg the snow was said to be 2 feet deep.

Mutiny on Board a Texas War Schooner.

The New Orleans Crescent City of February 12th says, between 9 and 10 o'clock on the evening of the 11th inst. a mutiny broke out on board the Texas schooner of war San Antonio, lying off Slaughter house Point, below this city, which resulted in the murder of 2d Lieut. Fuller, and the severely wounding of Midshipmen Odum and Allen.

The sailors had been drinking, and took it into their heads to go ashore—but were prevented from so doing by Lieut. Fuller, on duty. They then used very insulting language to him; when he ordered up a file of marines to arrest them. The marines sided with the sailors and discharged their pieces at the officers on deck—five balls taking effect on Fuller!

The mutineers then took to the boats, and part of them landed on this side of the river. Up to 12 o'clock they had not been arrested.

Accident on the Western Railway.

We learn that there was a collision of two freight trains on this road at the Palmer depot, yesterday morning. The two trains were coming from Springfield towards Worcester, the first one stopped at Palmer depot for the purpose of obtaining water, unknown to the other, and a collision took place. No person was injured. The damage done to the engine, cars, &c., is about \$1000.—Boston Transcript.

NEWSPAPERS.—A newspaper is the

history of the world for one day. It is the history of that world in which we now live, and with it we are consequently more concerned than with those that have passed away, and exist only in remembrance; though to check us in our too fond love of it, we may consider, that the present, likewise, will soon be past, and take its place in the repositories of the dead.—[Bishop Horne.]

BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, Feb. 21.

Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 425 Beef Cattle, 800 Sheep, and 120 swine.—40 Beef Cattle unsold.

Prices.—Beef Cattle.—Former prices for a like quality were hardly maintained. Much better Cattle than usual were at Market. We noticed an extraordinary lot fed by Israel Tilling, Esq. of Hatfield, sold for about \$6.50.—We quote others at \$6. First quality \$5.50 a 5 7 1/2; second quality \$4 7 1/2 a \$5 2 1/2; third quality \$3 7 1/2 a \$5 0.

Sheep.—We noticed sales at \$2 50, \$3 7 1/2, 4 50, \$5, and 5 50.

Swine.—A lot to peddle 4 and 5c. At retail from 4 1/2 to 6c.

MARRIED

In Providence, on the 12th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Leavitt, Mr. ARNOLD DRAPER, (of the firm of French & Draper, of this place,) to Miss CAROLINE S. BULLARD, daughter of Mr. Willard Bullard of Roxbury, Mass.

In Fall River, on Monday morning last, by the Rev. Mr. Brownson, Mr. J. M. COOK, of this town, to Miss REBECCA SLOCUM, of the former place, daughter of the late Capt. Charles Slocum, of Portsmouth, R. I.

On the 14th inst. Mr. GEORGE W. PECKHAM, of Tiverton R. I. to Miss ABELIA M. LEE, of Dighton, Mass.

In Warren, on Sunday the 13th inst. Mr. CHARLES E. BENNETT, to Miss ARBY L., daughter of Capt. Jonathan Cole, all of Warren.

DIED

In Portsmouth, on the 15th inst. SARAH BUFFINGTON, wife of Moses Buffington, and daughter of John Mitchell, of Middletown.

In South Kingstown, on the 12th inst. Mrs. MARY S., wife of Jesse Cottrell, and daughter of Caleb Taft, in the 62 year of her age.

In Providence, on the 12th inst. Mrs. ELIZA CLARK, relict of the late Chester Clark, Esq. On the 15th, FRANCES THEODOSIA, eldest daughter of Geo. H. Tillinghast, in the 16th year of her age.

MERCURY

MARINE LIST.

Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

FRIDAY Feb. 18th.

Evening.—Sch'r Messenger, Jefferson, from Fredericksburg for Boston, with loss of mainmast in the late gale.

Brigs Mary Pease, of Portland, Shield, 28 days from Trinidad de Cuba, for Boston, and Portland, and 3 bbls of Molasses off deck; Thomas P Hart, Pendleton, of Camden, Me from Appalachicola, for Boston, stove bulwarks, and sustained other damage.

SUNDAY, Feb. 20th.

Brig Casquet, Johnson, from Matanzas, for Providence.

Sch'r Julia Ann, Anderson, from Washington, N. C. for New London; Rowena, Williams, from Wilmington, N. C. for Newport, and Warren; General Cobb, Hammond, from New York, for Providence; Atlanta, Nickerson, from Boston, for New York.

Sloop Pomona, Sherman, from New Bedford for New York.

Sailed brig Canonius, Bigley, for Matanzas, and the arrivals of the 16th and 18th.

MONDAY, Feb. 21st.

Sch'r Chase, Rogers, from Providence, for Norfolk.

Sailed sch'r Gen. Cobb, for Providence.

TUESDAY, Feb. 22d.

Pilot-Boat Relief, of Holmes Hole, from a cruise.

Sailed sch'r Chase, Rogers, for Norfolk.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23d.

Sch'r Montano, Whetherell, from Boston for Richmond.

Sailed sch'r Fancy, Peterson, for Mobile.

THURSDAY Feb. 24th.

Sch'r Cohasset, from and for N. York; Franklin, from Thomaston for N. York; Pamlus, from do for do; William, from do for do; William Penn, of Sag Harbor, from do for Mobile.

Sloop Yankee, Chase, from Fall River, for New York.

FRIDAY, Feb. 25th.

Sloop Rienzi, Durfee, from New York, for Newport and Providence.

Sailed Barque James W. Page, for Baltimore, and the arrivals of 23d and 24th.

ENTERED.

Sch'r Rowena, Williams, Wilmington, N. C.

CLEARED.

Sch'r Fancy, Peterson, for Mobile.

Sch'r Reaper, McLaughlin, et Thomas.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Sailed from Charleston, 12th inst. Sch'r Ion, Howland, Point Petre, Gadsloupe.

Old at New Orleans, 2d inst. Sch'r Export, Gardner, Vermilion Bay.

Arr at Havana, 1st inst. Brig Echo, Messer, disg; Poland, Czenns, for Savannah.

Arr at Trinidad de Cuba, 25th ult. Sch'r capello, Townsend, from Wilmington, N. C.

At New Orleans, 5th inst. Bark High-lander, Maybury, for New York, Idg.

WALERS.

A letter received in town, from the ship JOHN COGGESHALL, of this port, reports her at Maul, Nov. 6th, 24 mos. out, with 1250 bbls sperm, and 650 wha oil.

Weekly Almanac.

1842. Sun rises. Sun sets. Moon rises. High water.

26 Saturday, 6 31 5 29 8 4 9 1

27 Sunday, 6 30 5 30 9 21 9 53

28 Monday, 6 29 5 31 10 36 10 45

1 Tuesday, Mar. 6 27 5 33 11 49 11 30

2 Wednesday, 6 26 5 34 morn morn

3 Thursday, 6 25 5 35 0 57 0 53

4 Friday, 6 23 5 37 1 57 1 27

Moon last quarter, 3d, 6th. 15n. evening.

To Mechanics.

A BEAUTIFULLY printed and embellished paper, entitled the "AMERICAN MECHANIC," is published weekly at No 31 Ann street, New York, by Vanosdel & Porter, and devoted to the Mechanic Arts, New Inventions, and scientific improvements in general. Each number contains a description of at least one new Mechanical Invention with an engraving. Terms \$1.50 per annum, of which one dollar, is required in advance.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having received from ROBERT H. WEEDEN, of Jamestown a deed of Assignment of his property in trust for the benefit of his creditors, hereby notifies said creditors, to bring in and prove their claims within six months from the 12th day of February, inst. according to the provisions of said deed, or they will be precluded from any dividend of said property.

DANIEL J. WEEDEN, Assignee.

Portsmouth, Feb. 26.

Fence Lumber.

A FIRST rate assortment of every description, for sale by PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

Feb. 26.—11.

Eastern Line.

150 CASKS fresh Eastern Lime, for sale by PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

Feb. 26.—11.

District and Port of Newport

Collector's Office, February 14 1842.

Proposals will be received at this Office, until Saturday the 12th of March next, for furnishing Oil for the Light-Houses in this State as follows:

2000 gallons of Summer Oil and 1000 gallons Winter ditto.

The Summer Oil to be of the best Spermaceti strained, and the Winter Oil of the best Winter pressed from Head matter.

The proposals will state the price at which the oil will be furnished, delivered at the wharf opposite the Custom-House, in casks of 30 gallons or thereabouts, and also the price if delivered at the various Light-Houses within the State, in such proportions as may be directed by the Superintendent. The oil to be delivered on or before the 10th day of April next, and to be paid for when satisfactorily tested and tried by burning.

PROPOSALS will also be received for furnishing 35 gross of WICKS and 10 BUFF SKINS, for the use of the Light Houses before mentioned.

WM. LITTLEFIELD, Coll. & Sup't.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE large Three Story House in Pelham street formerly owned and occupied by the late Capt. Thomas R. Gardner as a boarding-house. It being in a central part of the Town it is very convenient and suitable for that, or a large family. The house is in good repair. For terms, apply to SAMUEL WHITEHORNE.

Newport, January, 22.

Stock in the R. I. Union Bank.

A FEW SHARES for sale, Enquire at this Office. [Feb. 19.]

ALL who have bills against the owners of the brig CANONICUS, are requested to present them immediately to me.

HENRY BULL.

Feb. 19, 3w.

NOTICE

THE subscribers have this day formed a Co-partnership in business, and have adopted the firm of PECKHAM, BULL, & Co.

JOB A. PECKHAM, HENRY BULL, JOHN BULL.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1842.

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber gives public notice, that he has been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate, of the town of Portsmouth, Guardian of WILLIAM H. GIFFORD, (by him specially chosen to act in said capacity, for the reason that he, the said William, has, by long and severe ill health, become incapable of managing his pecuniary concerns,) and having given bond according to law, hereby calls upon all persons having demands against said William H. Gifford, to exhibit the same within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

JOHN H. COGGESHALL, Guardian.

Portsmouth, Feb. 14, 1842.—6w.

Valuable Estate to Let at Auction.

Will be let at Public Auction, on Monday, Feb. 25th, 1842, (if fair, if not the first day after,) on the premises, at 11 o'clock, A. M.—for the term of three years.

BRISTOL FERRY, on Portsmouth side, with all the appendages, appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging.

The Sail boat and Horse boat are nearly new, and are in good order, either to be used, as occasion may require.

The Farm contains about 53 acres of land, and is in a high state of cultivation, not surpassed for fertility, nor equalled in convenience of location, by any farm in Portsmouth—has two good orchards, shrubbery, vines, &c.

The House is commodious, and delightfully situated for a summer boarding house.

The premises are too well known to need a more particular description.

Conditions at the time and place. For further particulars, previous to the Auction, enquire of

JOHN H. COGGESHALL, Guardian to William Gifford.

Portsmouth, Feb. 19.

Will be sold at public auction, on Thursday, March the 3d, 1842, at the residence of the late Jeremiah Gifford, (if fair if not the first fair day after) at 10 o'clock, A. M.

2 HORSES, 1 pair of large Oxen, 1 Hog, 55 bushels Corn, 1000 lbs. Pork, 300 lbs. pounds Beef, Ham, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Coffee, Sugar, 1 Chair, 1 Carriage, Ox wagon, Wood, Fowls, a quantity and variety of household furniture, farming tools, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Conditions at the time and place of sale.

JOHN H. COGGESHALL, Auctioneer.

Portsmouth, Feb. 16, 1842.

Farm for Sale.

THAT Valuable Farm in Somerset (Mass.), called the Hog Neck Farm, situated about two miles from Slades Ferry, containing 120 Acres of good land, with a Dwelling House, Barn, Crib and other buildings, thereon, it is well fenced with Stone Wall, has a fine young Orchard, is well watered, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure. The terms of payment will be made easy for the purchaser.—For further particulars apply to the owners, Alfred and Benjamin Bosworth, Swansea, or H. Gardner, Jr. Somerset, N. H. on the premises, or to JOSEPH CHILDS, Portsmouth R. I. Feb. 5.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, & C.

NEWPORT, ss.—Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, Jan. 20th. A. D. 1842.

WHEREAS ROBERT M. TOWNSEND of Newport, in the County of Newport, has this day filed in this Office his petition, praying for certain reasons herein stated that a decree be passed to dissolve the matrimonial connection subsisting between him and his wife, Lavina W. Townsend, now of Brooklyn, N. Y.—Notice is therefore given to the said Lavina, that she be and appear, if she see fit, before the said Court, to be holden at Newport, on the first Monday of March next, and shew cause if any she hath, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

E. P. ALLAN, Clerk.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, ss.—Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, March Term, A. D. 1842.

WHEREAS OTIS T. PETERS of Portsmouth, in the County and State aforesaid, hath Filed his petition in this Office, praying for certain reasons therein stated, that the benefit of an act passed at the January session A. D. 1828, entitled "An act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors" may be extended to him. This is therefore to notify the Creditors of said Peters, to appear before said Court to be holden at Newport within and for the county of Newport, on the 1st Monday of March and shew cause if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

E. P. ALLAN, Clerk.

NEW GOODS

A VARIETY of fresh imported Dr Goods, suitable for the approaching season, will be opened this day and for sale at low prices, at

No 162 Thames Street.

H. SESSIONS.

Feb. 12, 1842.

TO LET

And immediate Possession given, The House on East Touro Street directly opposite the Redwood Library, well calculated for one or two families. For terms apply at this Office, Newport Dec. 4, 1841. 11.

NEW JERSEY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

For NEW-YORK.

THE LINE between Stonington & New York will hereafter be TRI-WEEKLY, and continue so until

present ARRANGEMENT.

The Narragansett leaves Stonington on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

For the accommodation of persons travelling between New York and Newport, the Steamboat mail train will stop at Wickford long enough to leave and take passengers, going and returning.

Nov 2

NOTICE

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Wm. & J. H. BARBER, having been dissolved by the death of the senior partner—All persons having any demands against said firm are requested to present the same for settlement, and all persons indebted are called upon to make immediate payment to

J. H. BARBER, Surviving Partner.

Dec. 25.

Dec. 25.

Dec. 25.

Dec. 25.

Dec. 25.

NEWPORT Dye-House.

John H. Clegg SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully

Poetry.

THE OAK AND THE SHRUB.

BY H. R. BAYLEY.

I marked an oak—a noble tree!
Whose mighty form stood firm and free;
Whose trunk, in sylvan pride,
Its giant trunk seemed formed to bide;
And its huge arms extended round
A little rood of forest ground.

And near it drooped a sickly shrub,
Whose foliage fed the summer grub;
The contrast struck me, and I said—
"How quickly will the shrub be dead!
While the hale oak unhurt shall wave,
And apple o'er its early grave!"

I passed the spot once more, where grew
That evergreen, and oak tree too:
When I beheld the latter smit—
The thunder bolt had riven it!
Whereas the worm had taken wing,
And left the former sickly thing.

And so in life, the weakest form
Of better braves the rudest storm,
Than one whose stalwart build had been
In keeping with a healthier mein—
And lives to see a brighter day,
When stranger frames have passed away.

GOD EVERYWHERE.

Above—below—where'er I gaze,
Thy guiding finger, Lord, I view,
Traced in the midnight planet's blaze,
Or glistening in the morning dew;
Whate'er is beautiful or fair
Is but thine own reflection there.

I hear thee in the stormy wind,
That turns the ocean-wave to foam;
Nor less thy wondrous power I find,
When summer airs around me roam;
The tempest and the calm declare
Thyself—for thou art every where.

I find thee in the noon of night,
And read thy name in every star
That drinks its splendor from the light
That flows from mercy's beaming car:
Thy footstep, Lord, each starry gem
Composes—not thy diadem,
And when the radiant orb of light
Hath tipped the mountain-tops with gold,
Smote with the blaze, my weary sight
Shrinks with the wonders I behold:
That ray of glory bright and fair
Is but thy living shadow there.

Thine is the silent noon of night,
The twilight eve—the dewy morn;
Whate'er is beautiful and bright,
Thine hands have fashioned to adorn:
Thy glory walks in every sphere,
And all things whisper, "God is here!"

THE FARMER'S SONG.

I envy not the mighty king
Upon the splendid throne—
Nor crave his glittering diadem,
Nor wish his power mine own;
For though his power and wealth be great,
And round him thousands bow
In reverence—in my low estate
More solid peace I know.

I envy not the miser—ho
May tell his treasures o'er,
May heap on heaps around him see,
And toil and sigh for more;
I'd scorn his narrow, sordid soul,
Rapacious and unjust:
Nor bow beneath the base control
Of empty, gilded dust.

My wants are few and well supplied
By my productive fields,
I court no luxuries beside,
Save what contentment yields.
More pure enjoyment labor brings,
Than wealth or fame can bring,
And he is happier who lives
A Farmer than a King.

Laws of Rhode Island.



STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

In General Assembly—January Session
A. D. 1842.

AN ACT to authorize, in certain cases,
the sale of property attached on original writ.

Be it enacted, by the General Assembly as follows.

SECTION 1. Whenever an attachment is hereafter, or has been already made, whether on one or more writs, of any live animals or any goods or chattels which are liable to perish, or waste, or to be greatly reduced by keeping, or which cannot be kept without great and disproportionate expense, the court to which the writ is returnable, or in which the case may be pending, in term time, or either of the judges of said court in vacation, on the written application of the debtor or attaching creditor, requesting to have said property sold, may, after a hearing of the parties, direct the attaching officer to sell the same, in the manner prescribed by law for selling the like property on execution.

Sec. 2. The proceeds of said sale, after deducting the necessary charges thereof, shall be forthwith deposited by the said officer, under the direction of the

court or judge ordering the sale as aforesaid, in some safe and well managed Bank, to the credit of said officer in his official character, and shall be so held by said officer, subject to the attachments, and shall be disposed of in like manner as the said property would have been held and disposed of, if it had remained unsold.

True copy—Witness,
HENRY BOWEN Sec'y.

AN ACT to amend the act entitled "An act in addition to an act regulating Conveyances of Real Estate."

Be it enacted by the General Assembly as follows:
Any conveyance of lands within this State, which may be executed without the limit of the United States, may be acknowledged before any recognised vice consul, charge d'affaires, or commercial agent of the United States, in the country where the conveyance shall be executed.

True copy—Witness,
HENRY BOWEN Sec'y.

FOR SALE.

THAT Valuable Farm in Portsmouth, within a few rods of Bristol Ferry, containing 61 Acres of good Land.—Said Farm has on it a convenient Dwelling-House and other out-buildings, and is divided into lots with good stone walls, it is well watered, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure, being bounded for half a mile on the shore; a mine of good coal and one of plumbago have been opened on the farm, and there are indications of its being in abundance.—Said Farm has on it a thriving orchard of selected fruit; and the farm is suitable for a country residence, or for a practical farmer.—An indisputable title will be given. For further information, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

ANDREW MCCORRIE.

Portsmouth, July 3.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his CONFECTIONARY & VARIETY STORE to the one recently occupied by Mr. A. Menage, next south of Mr. James Hammonds Dry Goods store. And he now offers for sale a great variety of Toys, Fancy Goods, and Fancy Baskets. Together with a general assortment of Confectionary at whole sale and retail and on the most reasonable terms.

T. STACY JR.

Dec. 11 1841.

THE subscriber intending to relinquish the business in which he has so long been engaged, offers for sale the establishment, in Newport, so well known as the Eagle Hotel.

The house was mostly rebuilt in 1836; is 98 feet in length, and 35 in breadth; and contains four parlors, a large and convenient dining hall, and rooms for the comfortable occupancy of seventy boarders. Attached to it there are a garden, out-houses, stables and every desirable convenience. The central position and extensive accommodations of this establishment will always secure for it a full share of public support at all seasons of the year. It will be sold with or without the furniture. For terms, apply to the present proprietor and occupant.

THOMAS TOWNSEND.

Newport, R. I. Sept. 25. 1841.

Valuable FARM for Sale.

The subscriber offers for Sale, the FARM he now occupies, pleasantly situated in Middletown, only 2 1/2 miles from the State-House in Newport, and 1 mile north of Seehawest Beach. It contains about 31 Acres of pasture and tillage Land, and is well watered with never-failing springs. The Farm has on it a good two-story Dwelling-House, barn, crib, and other buildings;—there is also now growing on the Farm, nearly 3000 ornamental & quince trees. The Land is high, affording a very extensive prospect, and for a Summer residence, or for a practical farmer, is not exceeded by any on the Island. For terms, which will be reasonable apply to.

ELIPHAZ BARKER.

Middletown, June 16. 1841.

Chain Cable and Beef.

A Good second hand one inch Chain Cable, 75 fathoms long; 10 bbls Mess Beef, to close a concern, will be sold cheap by C. DEVENS JR. on Devens's Wharf January 6.

MUSIC.

For the Piano Forte.

A GREAT Variety, to be found at STACY'S Confectionary and Variety Store. [Jan. 29.]

NEW PRINTS.

NEW Fall Prints just received by H. SESSIONS.

September 4.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been appointed Executrix to the last will and testament of WILLIAM GREENE. late of Jamestown dec. and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to make immediate Payment to.

SALLY GREENE, Executrix.
Nov. 18.

RHODE ISLAND COAL.

THE attention of the inhabitants of this town, is respectfully called to the using of Coal from the mines at the North end of this Island. A load of this Coal was landed on Wednesday at Stevens' Wharf,—it is much handsomer than any before sent to market, and will no doubt give satisfaction to all who may give it a fair trial.

The price will be \$5.00 for a ton of 2240 lbs. in the lump—delivered at any part of the town.

The subscribers have a contract for a limited quantity of this Coal, and would recommend to all who will be likely to want it, that they hand up their orders as soon as possible, that we may judge of the quantity that may be required to be brought to this town for the approaching winter—as the mines being new, it is uncertain about depending on a positive supply through the winter.

Wm. C. COZZENS, & CO.
September 4, 1841.

PURE EXTRACT OF SPANISH SARSAPARILLA—Wm. Brown chemist No. 84 Washington street Boston has prepared a liquid extract of Sarsaparilla by a steam process without boiling the root. It is an entire new preparation of Sarsaparilla never before prepared in this or any other country. It has been in constant use for the past six months by some of the first physicians in Boston, and all those who wish to go through a regular course of Sarsaparilla treatment can be referred to them. The preparation contains no other article than the pure Spanish Sarsaparilla, and one great improvement over all other preparations of Sarsaparilla is not reduced by adding sugar to form a syrup. This article is well adapted to the practice of physicians, as they can learn by calling on the proprietor, the quantity of Sarsaparilla contained in each bottle.—The quantity required is small compared with the Syrup. Its cheapest preparation of Sarsaparilla now in use, considering its strength. Price 62 1/2 cts per bottle. Dealers and families can be supplied with this valuable article as above. It will be found at retail by most of the druggists throughout the U States.

A copyright is secured for the directions and each direction signed Wm. Brown on the outside.

The above article is a sure remedy for all complaints occasioned by an impure state of the blood, diseases of the skin, scrofula, rheumatism, salt rheum, erysipelas, and to remove the effect of calomel.

Just received a supply and for sale in Newport by R. J. Taylor, I. Balch Providence, —Thornton & Son New Bedford.
Newport March 27. 1841.

BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber has taken the commodious House No. 63, Thames-Street, for many years occupied by Mr. A. Murray as a Boarding House, and would be glad to accommodate steady or transient Boarders, on reasonable terms.

THOMAS M. SEABURY.

A NEW article for MOURNING DRESSES. Also, Black Alpines, Blue black Mousseline de Laine, Doyles and Napkins. just received by Sept. 11. H. SESSIONS.

FOR SALE.

200 BUSHELS of first quality Turkeys Island Salt. Apply to CHARLES DEVENS JR. January 1.

A FARM TO LET.

Known by the name of the Harrison Farm. Containing about 160 acres.—pleasantly situated on the south side of the inner harbor of Newport,—is about one and a half miles distance from the town by land, and has an easy communication by water. The buildings are in good order—the dwelling house is large, and calculated to accommodate a number of boarders. Possession will be given on the 25th of March. For terms apply to AUDLEY CLARKE.
Newport Dec. 25. 1841.

New Book of Instrumental Music.

MUSICIANS COMPANION, containing 18 complete sets of Collocations, 55 hornpipes, 6 country dances, several marches, quick steps, waltzes, songs, &c. in all about 300 pieces, several of which are in three parts, for the violin, bass viol, clarinet, lute, &c.—also, several new and popular tunes arranged in 6 or 8 parts, for bands—about 100 of the above pieces are original, or first time printed. This immense Collection is now for sale at the low price of \$1 50 cts. at the Book-store of W. A. BARBER, No. 140, Thames-st. Aug. 14.

For Sale.

A FIRST RATE Covered Wagon built last spring, and is now in complete order, having been run but very little the past summer. Apply to, T. STACY JR. opposite the Post Office.
Oct. 23.

Evening School.

MY Evening School commenced on Monday the 1st inst. E. TREVETT.
Newport Nov. 31. 1841.

A Safe and Certain Cure for SALT RHEUM.

In consequence of the increased demand for Trufant's Compound for cure of Salt Rheum, &c. it is evident that base attempts have been made, and are now making, to imitate the article, and infringe upon his right. He obtained Letters Patent three years since, both for the preparation and name; and all persons are hereby cautioned against infringing upon his right, guaranteed by said Patent, under the severest penalties of the law. Remember the penalty lies against the seller as well as the maker of the article. Never buy it unless it has the written, mind—written signature of the inventor. The ointment is in tin boxes with the letters "W. B. TRUFANT Patent, Bath, Me." stamped on the cover, all others must be false.—That the above medicine is worthy of confidence, is evident from the fact (notwithstanding its opposition) more than

TWELVE THOUSAND

packages have been sold within a short time, giving very general satisfaction where faithfully applied. In fact the continual and almost daily instances of its success which have occurred in this and other States, justifies the proprietor in submitting it with increased confidence to the public generally. This remedy is recommended, in addition to Salt Rheum, as good for Ring Worm—Scald Head—Shingles—Leprosy—Piles—Itch—Pimples—and especially so for the Jackson or Barber's itch. As man is heir to humors of a thousand names the ointment itself is frequently used with entire success. Price 50 cts. The internal application is composed of 12 different ingredients, entirely vegetable, and is esteemed highly as a safe and wholesome drink, for persons generally; particularly in the spring season. Price 50 cts. Numerous certificates from distinguished physicians, clergymen and other professional men, from this and other States are in possession of the proprietor, which might be subjoined if necessary. A word to the wise is sufficient.

The undersigned inhabitants of Bath certify that we have used the medicine prepared by William B. Trufant as a remedy for Salt Rheum, and have found it the best we have ever known; and having no doubt that it is a valuable discovery take the liberty to recommend it to all who are afflicted with that inveterate malady.

Daniel Marshall, Thomas Donnell, Ewell Robinson, A. L. Stimpson, James Hamilton, Henry C. Donnell, Thos. P. I. Webb, Luke Lambert, Nah'l Swady, William Gardner, Jesse Russell, A. W. Turner, Aaron Donnell, Martin Anderson, Elihu Higgins, H. B. Webb, Jr.

Prepared and sold by the subscriber at his store in Water st. Bath, Maine.

Price—One dollar, with full directions. All letters from abroad must be Post paid.

W. B. TRUFANT, N. TILLEY, No 142, Thames street. Oct. 23.

Hams Smoked.

THE subscriber has erected a brick smoke house in the rear of his house and store No. 100, Thames street, where he will smoke Hams, in prime order, at the customary prices.

Dec. 11. J. W. DAVIS.

RED, white and yellow Flannels, twilled and plain. Cheap and good Broadcloths, Pilot Cloths and Cassimeres, by H. SESSIONS. Sept 3

MARINE INSURANCE.

THE undersigned Agent, will effect Insurance on Whale Ships and Oil on board, at the lowest rates of premium BENJ. MUMFORD.
Newport Oct. 22. 3m

HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE No. 223, in Thames street, corner of Sanford street, lately repaired, good yard and garden, never failing well of excellent water. Terms easy, had the purchase money may remain on mortgage, if required; title free of all incumbrances. The whole of this Estate will be Let, till sold. Apply to JAMES STEVENS, or JONATHAN T. ALMY.

Marine and Fire Insurance.

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woollen, and other Manufactures, Buildings and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Director elected June 1st, 1840:—

William Rhodes, Martin Stoddard, Wilber Kelly, Solomon Townsend, Albert R. Stafford, Nathaniel Bishop, Amos D. Smith, George S. Rathbone, Resolved Waterman, Caleb Harris and Shubael Hutchings, Jabez Bullock, Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance, are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with particular descriptions of the property) per mail, to the President and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE HOWES, Agent. WILLIAM RHODES, President. ALLEN O. PECK, Sec'y. American Insurance Co's Office, June 4, 1840

ALBANY ALE.—Pale and Amber Ale, of superior quality, in barrels and half barrels, just received and for sale by Jan. 23.] T. STACY JR.

THE MOST HIGHLY APPROVED MEDICINE NOW IN GENERAL USE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND all diseases of the Lungs.

THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM is believed to be deservedly the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma or phthisis consumption, whooping cough, and Pulmonary affections of every kind.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been very extensively used for about 15 years; and its reputation has been constantly increasing. So universally popular has this article become that it may now be considered as a standard article in a large part of the United States and British Provinces. Many families keep it constantly by them, considering it the most safe as well as a certain remedy for the above complaints. The Proprietors have received, and are receiving numerous commendations from many of our best Physicians, who make use of it in their practice. The names of a few individuals who have given their testimony in favor of this article, are here subjoined, and for a more full account see the envelope to the bottle.

"Amory Hunting, Dr. Samuel Morrill
Dr. Thomas Abell, " Timothy Baylie,
" Jere. Elsworth, " Albert Guild.
CERTIFICATES.
From Dr. Thomas Brown.

Messrs Lowe & Reed, Gent.—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been extensively used, in the section of the country where I reside, for several years past and has justly acquired a high reputation in consumptive complaints. So far as my knowledge extends it has never disappointed the reasonable expectation of those who have used it.

THOMAS BROWN, M.D.
Concord, N.H. May 11, 1831.

Messrs Reed, Wing & Cutler—Gentlemen—I feel it a duty I owe the public, and especially to hundreds of my fellow beings who are now suffering under different diseases of the lungs, to give you a statement of the good effects I have experienced from the use of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. Having from my youth up been troubled with different complaints of the lungs, such as spitting of blood, a dry troublesome cough, frequent haemorrhages, with severe fits of coughing, and indeed all the symptoms of consumption, and from time to time I have consulted several eminent Physicians, and have taken much medicine, but I received little or no relief, and at last they told me there was no help for me; that my case was beyond the reach of their medicines. In the spring of 1837 I was advised by a friend to try the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. I obtained two bottles, and on trial I was surprised to find so sudden and effectual relief which it gave me; and after using it about 5 weeks all my complaints were entirely removed, and I was restored to good health. Since that time I have kept it constantly by me, in case of the appearance of any of the above complaints. I have known a large number of cases where all other medicines have failed of affording any relief, the Balsam was at length resorted to, & speedily effected a cure. I would therefore recommend to every person that has any of the above complaints, on their first appearance to take the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, which they will find a safe, convenient and positive cure. Respect your's

T. P. MERRIAM.

New Bedford, Mass, July 30, 1841.

Counterfeits. Beware of Imposition!

Each genuine bottle is enclosed in a blue wrapper, on which is a yellow label, signed by Wm. JONN. CUTLER. None other can be genuine of a later date than December 1839. The Signature of Sampson Reed, will be continued for a short time.

The great celebrity of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been the cause of attempts, to introduce spurious articles which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, are calculated to mislead and deceive the public. Among these mixtures are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsamic Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," and others. Purchasers should enquire for the true article by its whole name—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, and see that it has the marks and signatures of the genuine.

Each bottle and seal is stamped Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.

For sale by REED, WING & CUTLER (late Lowe & Reed) wholesale dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery and Dye Stuffs, No. 54, Chatham Street, Boston, and by Druggists and country merchants generally in New-England, and in the principal places throughout the United States and British Provinces.—Price 50 cents. September 4, 1841

The above Balsam, is for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent
Newport September 4. 1841.

REMOVAL.

THOMAS T. SHEFFIELD. Respectfully informs his Old Friends and Customers in Town and country,

THAT he has removed to the commodious Store formerly occupied by Sheffield & Bell, 4 doors south of his late location, where he has for sale every article in the Grocery Line (with the exception of intoxicating Liquors)—as low as can be purchased elsewhere of equal quality—and delivered free of expense in any part of the Town.

He has OIL—Sperm at \$1 20 cts. warranted pure; and Whale at 50 cts. almost as white as water;—Brown Havana Sugar, 12 1/2 lbs for \$1—and other articles in proportion.

During the Summer season, he will be constantly supplied from the best Dairy's on the Island, with good fresh Butter, &c. Without undertaking to puff his articles, he will merely invite his friends to call and satisfy themselves, which he believes they will not fail to do, on inspection.
Newport, April 3, 1841.

FOR SALE.

THE Sloop NIMROD, now lying at Wickford, a first rate sailer, and draws a light draught of water;—she is a good vessel for a Southern lighter, and will carry about 200 bales of cotton.—For further particulars, enquire of W. HOLLOWAY, jun.
Wickford, Sept. 24.

WOOLEN YARN of all colours for sale at No. 132 by J. M. COOK & Co.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS, AND PHENIX BITTERS.

The LIFE MEDICINE recommends themselves in diseases of every form and description. Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them, and to remove the hardened faeces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of those well informed men against quack medicines, or medicines prepared and heralded to the public by ignorant persons. The second effect of the Life Medicines is to cleanse the kidney and the bladder, and by this means the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the ordinary organs. The blood which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them through the veins, renews every part of the system and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

Moffat's Life Medicines have been the roughly tested and pronounced a sovereign remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Palpitation of the heart, Loss of appetite, Heart burn and Head ache, Restlessness, Intemper, Anxiety, Langour and Melancholy Costiveness, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Fevers of all kinds, Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsies of all kinds, Sores, scorbutic eruptions and bad Complexions, eruptive Complaints, scaly, cloudy and other disagreeable complexion, salt rheum, erysipelas, common colds and influenza, and various other complaints which afflict the human frame. In Fever and Ague, particularly the Life Medicines have been most eminently successful, so much so that in the Fever and Ague districts, Physicians almost universally prescribe them.

All that Mr. Moffat requires of his patients, is to be particular in taking the Life Medicine strictly according to the directions. It is not by a newspaper notice, to by any thing that he himself may say in their favor, that he hopes to gain credit. It is alone by the result of a fair trial.

MOFFAT'S MEDICAL MANUAL, designed as a domestic guide to health.—This little pamphlet edited by W. B. Moffat 375, Broadway, New-York, has been published for the purpose of explaining more fully Mr. Moffat's theory of diseases, and will be found highly interesting to persons seeking health. It treats upon prevailing diseases, and the causes thereof. Price 25 cents—for sale by Mr. Moffat's agents generally.

These Valuable Medicines are for sale

R. J. TAYLOR'S

Medicine Store No. 148, Thames-street Newport, (R. I.)

Where the Pills can be obtained for 25 cents, 50 cents, or \$1 per box; and the Bitters for \$1 or \$2 per bottle.—Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of both may be there inspected.
Newport, May 16, 1840.

THE HAIR! THE HAIR!

NO better evidence is wanting to show the superiority of the Genuine Buffalo Oil, over the preparations, than a number of Druggists are endeavoring to imitate and foster their miserable imitations on the public, for genuine. Read advertisement. Beware of dealers.

Genuine Buffalo Oil is fast taking the place of all other articles to promote the growth, soften, and beautify the Hair; its use gives it a softness that no other article does, and causes it to curl beautifully—by free use it will darken and give the hair a satin gloss. It is highly perfumed and gives perfect satisfaction to all that have given it a trial. You will observe the signature of the proprietor, "William Brown," also, "Buffalo Oil," printed on the bottle. In consequence of a counterfeit which has recently appeared, a new label engraved on copper, for which I have secured a copy right, entered according to act of Congress in 1839, in the clerk's office in the District Court of Massachusetts, Any infringement will be dealt with according to law.

None genuine, unless signed in my own hand writing. For sale in Newport by R. J. TAYLOR, and Dr. R. R. HAZARD August, 22.

FOR SALE.

THE Dwelling-House and Lot of Land, pleasantly situated on Thames and corner of Bridge streets, and now occupied by Capt. Wm. Messer, and formerly the residence of Mrs. F. Woodman.—It has a large garden, a store house, and a never failing well of water. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN STEVENS.
Newport, March 6.

BLEACHED and unbleached Sheetings and Shirts, by the piece or yard, for sale low, at No. 132, Thames-street, by May 29. J. M. COOK & Co.

INDIAN BALSAM OF LIVER WORT.

A COUGH is always dangerous. In all changeable and severe climate, it is important to attend to COLDS, with which we are all more or less afflicted. If neglected too long, it is difficult to remove them, sometimes impossible, and confirmed consumption is the result. In all Lung complaints, Mr. M. Gardner's Indian Balsam of Liverwort is justly esteemed of infinite value. It has been used for eight or ten years with unqualified success, and many individuals, named, who, but for its healing virtues and renovating powers, would not be present now to testify to its efficacy.

IF THE above is for Sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Thames-street, March 20.